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## Exercise 11 for the lecture $Numerics\ III$

SoSe 2012

Due: till Thursday, July 5th, 2012, 12 o'clock

## Problem 1 (2 TP)

Consider the smoothing property

$$\langle A_k v, v \rangle \le \omega_0 \langle B_k v, v \rangle \qquad \forall v \in \mathbf{R}^{n_k}$$
 (1)

for symmetric positive definite matrices  $A_k, B_k \in \mathbb{R}^{n_k}$ .

a) Show that the smoothing property implies

$$\lambda_{\max}(B_k^{-1}A_k) \le \omega_0.$$

b) Show that the sequence  $u_k^{\nu}$  generated by

$$B_k(u_k^{\nu+1} - u_k^{\nu}) = b_k - A_k u_k^{\nu}$$

converges to the solution  $u_k$  of  $A_k u_k = b_k$  if (1) holds with  $\omega_0 < 2$ .

## Problem 2 (4 TP)

Show that the preconditioner of the symmetric Gauß-Seidel method given by

$$B_k = (D_k + L_k)D_k^{-1}(D_k + R_k)$$

satisfies the smoothing property (1) for the symmetric positive definite matrix A = D + L + R with  $\omega_0 = 1$ .

## **Problem 3** (4 TP + 8 extra PP)

- a) Show that the multilevel Gauß-Seidel method is equivalent to the multigrid V-cycle (algorithm 6.2 in the lecture notes).
- b) Derive an algebraic representation of the multigrid V-cycle.
- c) Implement a multigrid V-cycle for the Poisson problem

$$-\Delta u = 1$$
 on  $[0,1]$ , (2)  $u(0) = u(1) = 0$ .

As a smoother implement a Gauß–Seidel as well as a Jacobi method.

d) Calculate the exact solution  $u^*$  of (2). Use a V-cycle with Gauß-Seidel smoother and a V-cycle with Jacobi smoother, respectively to calculate an approximative solution for the initial iterate  $u_0 = 0$  on a grid with 6 levels and 64 elements. Plot the error  $e_i = ||u_i - u^*||_A$  as a function of the iteration step i. Based on these results estimate the convergence rates and plot them as a fuction of the number of grid levels for grids with up to 12 levels. Are the convergence rates bounded from above by a constant c < 1 or do they converge to 1 for finer grids?