

Exercise 2 for the lecture
NUMERICS III
SoSe 2015

Due: till Tuesday, 5. May

Problem 1

Let $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ be a bounded domain with sufficiently smooth boundary and

$$H_C = \{v \in C^1(\bar{\Omega}) \mid v|_{\partial\Omega} = 0\}.$$

Prove that the variational equality

$$u \in H_C : \quad \int_{\Omega} \nabla u \cdot \nabla v \, dx = \int_{\Omega} f v \, dx \quad \forall v \in H_C$$

has at most one solution.

Problem 2

Consider a domain $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ with a disjoint decomposition $\partial\Omega = \Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N \cup \Gamma_R$ of the boundary for Dirichlet, Neumann and Robin conditions for the boundary value problem

$$\begin{aligned} -\Delta u(x) &= f(x) & \forall x \in \Omega \\ u(x) &= 0 & \forall x \in \Gamma_D \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial n}(x) &= g_N(x) & \forall x \in \Gamma_N \\ u(x) + \beta \frac{\partial u}{\partial n}(x) &= g_R(x) & \forall x \in \Gamma_R \end{aligned}$$

with $f \in C(\bar{\Omega})$ and $\beta > 0$ where n is the unit outer normal vector on $\partial\Omega$. Derive a variational equality

$$u \in V \quad a(u, v) = l(v) \quad \forall v \in V$$

for this boundary value problem and specify the space V , the bilinear form $a(\cdot, \cdot)$ and the functional l .