

Exercise 8 for the lecture
NUMERICS IV
SoSe 2012

Due: till Wednesday, December 19, 2012, 14 o'clock

Problem 1 (3 TP)

Assume that $I_h : H^2(\Omega) \rightarrow S$ satisfies $\|v - I_h v\|_0 \leq ch^2 \|v\|_2$, $\|\nabla(v - I_h v)\|_0 \leq ch \|v\|_1$ and let $\nu = \frac{1}{Q} \begin{pmatrix} \nabla u \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $Q = \sqrt{1 + |\nabla u|^2}$, $\nu_h = \frac{1}{Q_h} \begin{pmatrix} \nabla I_h u \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $Q_h = \sqrt{1 + |\nabla I_h u|^2}$ with $u \in H^2(\Omega)$. Show that

$$\int_{\Omega} |\nu - \nu_h|^2 Q_h \leq ch^2.$$

Problem 2 (4 TP)

Let $u \in H^1((0, T), H^2(\Omega))$ and ν, Q as in Problem 1. Show that

- a) $Q_t \leq |\nabla u_t|$
- b) $\nu_t Q \leq 2|\nabla u_t|$

Problem 3 (5 TP)

Let

$$\alpha(t) + \beta'(t) \leq C_1 \beta(t) + C_2, \quad C_1, C_2 > 0.$$

Show a Gronwall lemma of the form

$$\int_0^t \alpha(s) ds + \beta(t) \leq \frac{1}{C_1} \exp(C_1 t) (C_2 + \beta(0)).$$