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12th Exercise for the Lecture

## NUMERICS IV

WiSe 2015/2016

[http://numerik.mi.fu-berlin.de/wiki/WS\\_2015/NumerikIV.php](http://numerik.mi.fu-berlin.de/wiki/WS_2015/NumerikIV.php)

**Discussion on: Tue, February 9th, 2016**

**Exercise 1** (verifying an equation's viscosity solution)

Let  $\Omega := (-1, 1)$ . Show that  $u: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \mapsto |x| - 1$  is a viscosity solution of

$$-|u'(x)| + 1 = 0 \text{ on } \Omega, \quad u(-1) = 0, \quad u(1) = 0$$

but not of

$$|u'(x)| - 1 = 0 \text{ on } \Omega, \quad u(-1) = 0, \quad u(1) = 0.$$

**Exercise 2** (uniqueness of a viscosity solution)

Let  $\Omega = (-1, 1)$ . Then  $u: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \mapsto -|x| + 1$  is the viscosity solution of

$$|u'(x)| - 1 = 0 \text{ on } \Omega, \quad u(-1) = 0, \quad u(1) = 0.$$

Show that  $u$  is the unique solution of this problem.

*Remark:* You do not have to prove that  $u$  is a viscosity solution of this problem.

**Exercise 3** (changing a viscosity solution's sign)

Let  $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  and consider a viscosity solution  $u$  of a second order PDE of the type

$$F(x, u, Du, D^2u) = 0, \quad x \in \Omega.$$

Prove that  $-u$  is then a viscosity solution of

$$-F(x, -u, -Du, -D^2u) = 0, \quad x \in \Omega.$$

**Have fun!**